

State Probation Service Republic of Latvia

# SOCIETY



#### State Probation Service of the Republic of Latvia

# CEP Expert Workshop on Enhancing the Implementation of Framework Decisions 2008/JHA/947 & 2009/JHA/829

# FD 947 – the Experience of the State Probation Service of Latvia

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# Framework Decision 2009/JHA/829

# **Competent authorities in Latvia:**

- State Police,
- Office of the Prosecutor General,
- Court.

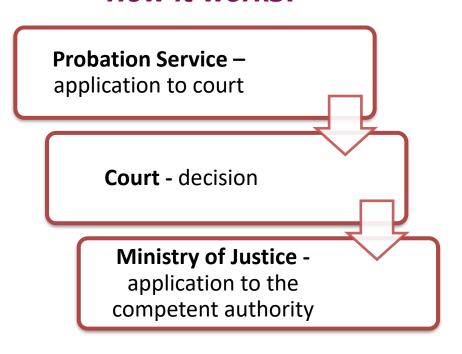
## **Role of the State Probation Service:**

- not a competent authority under this FD,
- does not initiate or execute supervision measures,
- ✓ may prepare an evaluation report during pre-trial proceedings
  - supports the prosecutor or judge in determining an appropriate sentence,
  - based on the offender's personality and the nature of the offence.



# Framework Decision 2008/JHA/947

### How it works?



#### Measures:

- probationary supervision,
- conditional sentence,
- conditionally release prior to completion of punishment,
- electronic monitoring,
- community service.



# **Actual Transfers and Timing**

- Application review time: 1 5 months (usually 2)
- Waiting time from competent authority: 4 20 months (or no reply)

#### Issues:

- frequent follow-ups needed,
- long delays from competent authorities,
- sometimes no response at all sentence served in Latvia.



# **Actual Transfers and Timing**

	2021	2022	2023	2024
OUTGOING	7	5	4	6
supervision	3	4	3	6
community service	4	1	1	0
INCOMING	1	3	5	2
supervision	1	3	5	2
community service	0	0	0	0



# **Training of the Probation Staff**

## Training course: "Introduction to Probation Work"

- > Target group:
  - newly recruited probation officers
  - staff needing additional knowledge

#### Final Seminar:

- Delivered remotely by senior experts
- Duration: 1-hour presentation and discussion
- Topics covered:
  - EU and national legislation for sentence enforcement
  - Framework Decision 2008/947/JHA
  - Practical guidance on preparing court application
  - Actions before and after submission



## **How It Works?**

- Sentence enforcement in Latvia continues until a response is received
- Transfer may be refused if:
  - offence is not criminally punishable in other Member State
  - probation client is not found at the declared residence or has no legal right to reside there

#### Recent case:

- Latvian citizen with residence abroad did not comply with supervision
- Probation Service requested substitution with imprisonment
- Court rejected client requested sentence transfer
- Court recognized procedural errors (by both court and Probation Service)
- Sentence transfer request sent to the Ministry of Justice
- Probation Service must continue supervision until response is received
- Client remains unresponsive



## **Another Case**

## Probation client's opinion must be taken into account?

- Lithuanian national sentenced in Latvia for drug possession. Probation supervision under conditional sentence.
- Probation measures could be transferred to Lithuania under Framework Decision — but client chose to remain in Latvia:
  - easy travel (4h),
  - concern that transfer might delay sentence completion,
  - can submit drug tests and cooperate.

Legal options exist, but individual preferences and social context are also crucial.



## What We Have Encountered so Far?

- Practical challenges;
- Lack of criminal history data;
- Foreign nationals without a Latvian ID code are not visible in national databases;
- Limited access to prior convictions or offences;
- Limited background information if court judgment lacks personal details, we rely only on client's self-reported information;
- Limits our ability to assess risk of recidive and supervision intensity;
- Typically leads to low-risk supervision intensity;
- Enables use of flexible supervision methods (in-person and remote),
  if client cooperates.



## What We Have Encountered so Far?

- Recent issue basic and additional punishment not fully transferred;
- basic punishment transferred under FD 2008/909/JHA;
- probation measures omitted in the transfer request;
- legal and practical gaps in sentence execution;
- may force the individual to return to Latvia for probation measures, which:
  - undermines reintegration goals,
  - creates additional burden on the justice system,
  - requires new applications and court proceedings to transfer the probation measures separately.



# **Further Discussions**

#### Transfer may be initiated, but enforcement must continue in the meantime:

- How to supervise the probation client during this period?
- What if the client violates conditions request imprisonment?

### • Uncertainty about duration of the transfer process creates practical dilemmas:

- time served in Latvia is not recognized after transfer;
- delayed response even when supervision has started abroad.

### Victim's rights and interests:

- if the probation service enforces the sentence, victims can be contacted and involved;
- if the court initiates transfer early, victim outreach may not happen at all.

### Suggestions:

- assess circumstances and consult with the sentenced person during court proceedings;
- decide on transfer before enforcement starts in Latvia;
- if not possible, enforcement should be suspended from the moment transfer is decided.



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