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National consultant of Council of Europe- Project “Further Support to Penitentiary Reform in Ukraine” (2021-2022),


Head of the NGO "Association of Psychological Assistance Specialists".

Co-chair of Working group on improving psychological assistance to prisoners and detainees of the Ministry of Justice of Ukraine (2019 - until current).

Moderator of Rehabilitation Programs and "Harm Reduction" in penitentiary institutions of Ukraine on 63 Sessions of the UN Commission, United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), Vienna (2020).


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Specificity and challenges in interagency cooperation.

Ministry of Justice of Ukraine and Public Society in the development of cooperation
Challenges:

✓ Russia's attack on the Unified Energy System of Ukraine
✓ Turning off lights in prison institutions. there is no light during 4 hours, 2 hours is light
✓ Generators in prison institutions are not started enough
✓ Generators work only for the guard line and in place where food is prepared
Challenges:

➢ Prisoners remain without electricity

➢ Under such conditions our prison institutions may lose control
Challenges:

Prisons have been destroying for more than 8 months. For example:

✓ Prison № 88 is completely destroyed. It was renovated last year
✓ Prison № 101 - a direct hit of Russian missiles in the administrative building
✓ Prison № 55 - 2 buildings for prisoners were destroyed
✓ Prison № 77 - under occupation (Zaporizhia region. Before the war we defended the rights of prisoners)
Specifics of staff work in prisons

- The prison staff is on duty in an enhanced mode
- Prison staff were given military first aid kits and trained in first aid
- Prison Stafs are in difficult conditions during attacks. They mobile strengthen the security line and take pisoners to bomb shelters
- Prison staff work in dangerous conditions. For example, the staff died in the prison in Bakhmut
Specific needs

- generators to provide light on the entire territory of the prison
- gasoline for generators
- extra warm blankets (especially for pretrial detention centers)
- fixed radio stations at a distance of 25-50 kilometers. It will give an opportunity to contact the Office in the situation of a lack of light and mobile communication. This will make it possible to call an ambulance
But We are well done

The Ministry of Justice has three main priorities for change in terms of their policy regarding the prison system:

- Firstly, the development of probation services
- Secondly, the increasing of the implementation of alternative sanctions
- Thirdly, the training of prison personnel
**Novellas in 2022: State of war.**

The terms of detention under martial law have been regulated.

Since March 8, prosecutors have been empowered to elect and continue detention, if the court is not able to make such decisions.

These novellas are enshrined in Law No. 2111-IX.
Target:
An effective system of criminal penalties in line with European standards
- human rights
- prevention systems
- opposing torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading behaviour
Draft laws have been prepared as part of the reform

1. Development of alternative types of punishments (development of the probation system, creation of conditions to reduce recidivism) - No. 5359
   - EXPECTED CHANGES: the introduction of probation supervision as a form of punishment without social isolation, the use of electronic monitoring, the availability of bail, the introduction of risk assessment, multi-mode institutions, paid services and the improvement of the application public works

2. Effective anti-torture system
   - on the creation of a dual system of penitentiary inspections

3. Passing service in the penitentiary service
   - the penitentiary system No. 5293 dated 03/22/2021
   - the disciplinary status of the penitentiary system No. 5294 dated 03/22/2021

4. The right to hope
   on the implementation of decisions of the European Court of Human Rights N° 4048 of 09/03/2020 • No. 4049
New projects

- an analytical map (rating) of prisons and pretrial detention centers was created
- 12 inefficient institutions were preserved
- the "Great Privatization of Prisons" project was implemented
- Paid services have been introduced (internet network and improved conditions)
- the project "Improving the quality of the food" was implemented
- The list of food products and basic necessities has been expanded
- The project "Individual space for prisoners" was introduced
- The possibilities of legal protection have been expanded
2021

the Year of Resocialization

1. Digitization of the penitentiary system
✓ the Unified Register of prisons was created and implemented
✓ the "Cassandra" system was launched to record data on the risk of reoffending

2. 6 correctional and rehabilitation programs have been developed

3. The qualification of the prison staff in risk assessment has been improved. A study guide and an online course have been developed
Involvement of prisoners to work

To develop an effective model for Ukraine to involve prisoners in work, taking into account the mentality, local legislation and peculiarities of the penitentiary system.

In Ukraine, only 25% of prisoners are involved in work.

Therefore, the Ministry of Justice is working with various companies, looking for potential investors and plans to interest them with bonuses and interesting offers to create more jobs for prisoners.

The manual "European experience of involving prisoners in work (examples of Germany, Great Britain, Romania)"
ОФІС ПРОБАЦІЇ
PROBATION OFFICE
Probation

The maintenance of one convict in prison costs 10,900 UAH [280 euros] per month. Given that prisoners do not always work, the state pays for their maintenance.

On the other hand, a person sentenced to probation, that is, who is not in prison and pays either a fine or is involved in community service, costs the state about a thousand UAH (25 euros)

*That is, criminal punishment in the form of probation is 10 times cheaper!*

For this reason, all European countries have chosen the path of probation development. The detention of convicts in prisons only in exceptional cases - when they are really dangerous
З нагоди 30-річчя Незалежності України презентовано національну модель офісу пробації, в якій ураховано раніше напрацьовану пілотну практику та міжнародний досвід.

Модельний офіс реалізовано на базі Шевченківського районного відділу пробації у м. Київ.
Thanks a lot!!!

Glory to Ukraine!

Together we are strong!
I express respect to you!