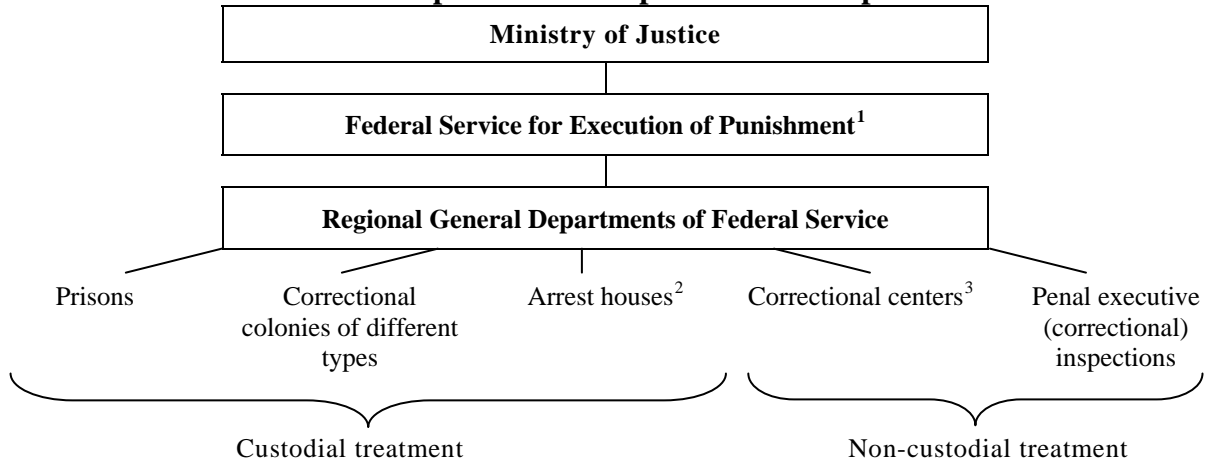


RUSSIA

Authorities responsible for implementation of penalties



Overview of Sanctions at the Trial and Post-Trial Stages

Types of penalties	Trial Stage	Post-trial
Principal penalties		
• capital	– Deprivation of life ⁴	
• custodial	– Life imprisonment	Conditional release
	– Imprisonment (2 month – 20 years)	
	– Custodial arrest (1-6 months) ⁵	
• non-custodial	– Fine	
	– Injunction from performing one's job	
	– Obligatory service (unpaid community service)	
	– Correctional work (partly paid compulsory work)	
	– Limitation of freedom (institutional treatment under supervision without strict isolation from society) ⁶	Conditional release
	– Conditional sentence ⁷	
Ancillary penalties		
	– Fine	
	– Injunction from performing one's job	
	– Deprivation of honorary titles and army rank and deprivation of national medals of merit	
Alternatives to punishment		
	– Discontinuance of prosecution / waiver of criminal responsibility (in case of minor offence if offender makes restitution for harm caused and reaches an agreement through mediation with the victim)	
	– Waiver of punishment (i.e. in case of illness occurred after conviction)	

¹ Today almost all sanctions are implemented by institutions of Federal Service for Execution of Punishment; fine is implemented by court bailiffs and conditional released offenders are supervised by police.

² This type of correctional institutions hasn't been established yet.

³ This type of correctional institutions hasn't been established yet.

⁴ Courts may impose this penalty but it could not be executed. In this case an offender in fact serves life imprisonment.

⁵ Provisions are not in force yet.

⁶ Provisions are not in force yet.

⁷ Actually it is not a penalty but a way some penalties are executed.